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GOAL 11.01 – Coastal Resource Preservation

Hernando County greatly-values the rich biodiversity and scenic resources of its coastal area. The County shall-seeks to manage growth, development and natural resources to preserve the functional integrity of the coastal ecosystem and to ensure a safe, quality environment for citizens living ion and visiting the coast.

Development in Coastal Zone Habitat [F.S. 163.3177(6)(g)]

Co	rnando County shall preserve and protect habitat in the astal Zone by limiting the impacts of development on marine d freshwater wetlands, springs, rivers, estuaries, beaches, bays d channels, islands and isolated uplands.
Strategy 11.01A(1):	The Coastal Zone is established as all areas west of U.S. Highway 19.
Strategy 11.01A(2):	All wetlands Wetlands in the Coastal Zone shall be protected in accordance with <u>federal</u> , state and local regulations. Any assigned density shall be conferred to and built within the upland portion of a proposed development the property.
Strategy 11.01A(3):	Pervious surfaces <u>shouldshall</u> be <u>limited minimized</u> in the Coastal Zone.
Strategy 11.01A(4):	Hernando County shall prohibits the major withdrawals of water for consumptive uses from springs and rivers in the Coastal Zone.
Strategy 11.01A(5):	Hernando County shall requires the identification and protection of important coastal vegetation and wildlife communities in the Coastal Zone for all new developments in the Coastal Zone.
Strategy 11.01A(6):	Mining and new excavation that creates, deepens, or widens lakes, canals, channels or ditches beyond maintenance dimensions are prohibited in the Coastal Zone.
Strategy 11.01A(7):	The County shall continue to identify, remediate and eliminate pollution in the Coastal Zone through programs such as, but not limited to, the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES), and, the Florida Friendly Landscaping program.
<u>Strategy 11.01A(8):</u>	Septic tanks shall will be eliminated in the Coastal Zone consistent with state regulations, and at the time based on planned replacement with central wastewater disposal facilities and infrastructure are made available.

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Coastal Habitat and Saltwater Intrusion [F.S. 163.3177(6)(g) and 163.3178(7)]

Objective 11.01B: Hernando County shall conduct and support actions to manage, restore and preserve the functional integrity of coastal natural resources.

- **Strategy 11.01B(1):** The County shall continue to partner with state and federal agencies in the study, review, implementation and monitoring of natural lands and wildlife management programs in the Coastal Zone, on state, federal and County lands.
- Strategy 11.01B(2): The Weeki Wachee springs and riverine system are a highly valued resource important to the ecosystem and culture of Hernando County and the State of Florida. The County will continue to focus on protection of coastal springs through management of springsheds for each springs group, including:
 - a. continue to coordinate with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection in development review of land uses and actions that could potentially affect Outstanding Florida Waters (OFW) of the Weeki Wachee system;
 - b. continue to coordinate with the Southwest Florida Water Management District in establishing and maintaining minimum flows and levels (MFLs) whose primary purpose is to protect the integrity of the Weeki Wachee system and other coastal springs;
 - c. coordinate with the appropriate state agencies to identify and implement actions to abate nutrient pollution in impaired waters of the Weeki Wachee including<u>-such actions as maintaining restriction of a</u>-fertilizer application-ordinance, and, implementing use of Low Impact Development (LID) <u>design</u>, and Florida Friendly Landscaping <u>programs</u> in the springsheds areas.

Strategy 11.01B(3): Hernando County <u>shall will evaluate partnerships</u> with state and federal agencies to acquire, protect and restore natural lands and wildlife habitat in the Coastal Zone. The County shall establish a process for identifying and prioritizing coastal properties for the purpose of willing-seller state acquisition. The prioritization shall consider environmental sensitivity, hazard mitigation, beach access, beach management, urban recreation and other coastal management considerations.

Strategy 11.01B(4): Hernando County <u>will shall partner and coordinate with the</u> Southwest Florida Water Management District to identify and implement actions that prevent manmade exacerbation of saltwater intrusion into fresh groundwater.

GOAL 11.02 – Coastal Zone Development

Hernando County shall <u>generally</u> direct new and expanded population concentrations, vulnerable land uses and new infrastructure away from the Coastal Zone <u>as indicated in</u> <u>this Element</u>. [F.S. 163.3177(6)(g), 163.3178(2), 163.3178(8)]

Development in the Coastal High Hazard Area

- Objective 11.02A: Hernando County has established a Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) where development is limited and regulated in order to mitigate exposures to hazards and losses related to coastal storms and sea level rise and to responsibly manage the potential fiscal impacts and fiscal responses to the damage from such hazards.
 - Strategy 11.02A(1): Hernando County designates the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) as the area below the elevation of the Category 1 storm surge line as established by the Sea, Lake and Overland Surges from Hurricanes (SLOSH) storm surge model, as updated from time to time by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) <u>or the Tampa Bay Regional Planning Council</u> and as generally depicted on the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) Map.
 - **Strategy 11.02A(2):** Hernando County shall implement floodplain protection regulations consistent with the Florida Building Code and the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).
 - **Strategy 11.02A(3):** Infill residential development in existing communities with existing infrastructure will be allowed are permitted in the Coastal Zone, consistent with present densities, provided that all applicable federal, state and county zoning, construction and environmental regulations are met. All newly proposed residential development in the Coastal Zone is restricted regulated as follows notwithstanding the underlying Future Land Use Map category:
 - a. Density in the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) is restricted to one unit per gross acre, and, all allowable density must be sited within the upland portion of the property;
 - b. Density within the V-Zone Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) category as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and adopted Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) is restricted to 1 unit per upland acre and no density shall be transferred from or built within V-Zone wetlands;
 - c. Privately-owned uplands within the Coastal Zone that are designated as Conservation on the Future Land Use Map having direct access to the County roadway network may be considered to have a Residential Future Land Use Category designation for purposes of allowable uses, and, may be

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assigned an appropriate density consistent with the Residential Category, CHHA, or V-Zone <u>designation</u> as applicable.

Hurricane Evacuation Level of Service

Strategy 11.02A(4):	The following hurricane evacuation clearance time levels of
	service (LOS) are hereby adopted: a. 12 hours for evacuation to shelter for a category 5 storm; and,
	b. 16 hours for out-of-county evacuation for a category 5 storm.
	Proposed development within the Coastal Zone shall meet and
	maintain the adopted Level of Service and shall be supported by
	adequate and relevant data and analysis demonstrating that the adopted hurricane evacuation Level of Service for the Category 5
	storm is maintained. Level of Service evaluation for development
	proposals and for Comprehensive Plan Amendments seeking to increase residential densities within the Coastal Zone shall include
	data and analysis of the impacts of the proposed development or
	amendment on the Category 5 hurricane evacuation clearance time
	Levels of Service.
Strategy 11.02A(5):	If review of data and analysis for proposed new developments or
	Comprehensive Plan Amendments indicates that the hurricane
	evacuation clearance time Levels of Service will not be achieved,
	then mitigation may be approved to the extent that it will achieve maintenance is intended to maintain of the adopted Levels of
	Service. Appropriate mitigation includes, but is not limited to
	contribution of funding, land or construction services for hurricane
	shelters and transportation facilities. The data and analysis
	demonstrating adequate mitigation shall include identification of
	the type, cost, and timing of the improvement and these shall be made part of a binding agreement between the County and the
	applicant or developer. Mitigation measures in the agreement that
	would require capital improvements to construct facilities shall be
	incorporated into the County's Five-Year Schedule of Capital
	Improvements with an indication as to the funding source whether
	funded publicly or otherwise.
Strategy 11.02A(6):	The County shall identify and implement ways to reduce and/or
	mitigate the estimated evacuation clearance times identified in
	studies promulgated by the State of Florida <u>and/</u> or the Tampa Bay Regional Planning Council.

Strategy 11.02A(7)	: The County shall identify and implement efforts and standards that seek to minimize repetitive loss properties in the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) and other flood prone areas including the prohibition of new mobile homes, and the potential for acquisition, with federal assistance, of individual properties with three or more significant repetitive loss incidents.
Infrastructure in the CHI [F.S. 163.3177(6)(g)]	IA
in F F S in U	Hernando County shall limit public investment in infrastructure in the CHHA and particularly in the V-Zone Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) category as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Public investment hall generally be limited to recreational and public access improvements, maintenance of existing infrastructure or apgrading of infrastructure where an environmental or service benefit exists.
Strategy 11.02B(1)	: Hernando County shall maintain an inventory of existing public infrastructure within the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) and develop a program to relocate or retrofit such facilities where feasible as replacement becomes_necessary.
<u>Strategy 11.02B(2)</u>	: New infrastructure shall not be constructed to support new development in floodplains, flood prone areas and coastal high hazard areas, except as specifically provided for in this Plan.
Strategy 11.02B(32	A): New County-funded public recreational facilities built in the V- Zone shall be restricted to recreational uses with minimal potential for structural loss or damage, such as, but not limited to open space parks and boardwalks, picnic areas, athletic fields, <u>swimming</u> <u>areas</u> , and boat ramps.
Strategy 11.02B(43	•): New and replacement water and sewer facilities will be planned and implemented with the goals of centralization in order to retire wells and septic tanks, and to locate treatment facilities outside the Coastal Zone.

Strategy 11.02B(<u>5</u>4): Public and private landfills of any kind are prohibited within the Coastal Zone.

Transportation Corridors in the CHHA [F.S. 163.3177(6)(g) and 163.3178(8)]

Objective 11.02C: Existing transportation corridors and those roadways accessing development in the CHHA shall be built and maintained to County standards such that coastal hazards are mitigated to the extent possible in design and construction and such that to ensure that hurricane evacuation clearance times are maintained not reduced.

Strategy 11.02C(1): The County shall not install new roadway lane miles <u>in-on</u> the functionally-classified network within the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) unless <u>determined critical required</u> for evacuation <u>purposes</u>. <u>Maintenance of Upgrades to existing roadways is</u> limited to <u>intersection improvements for safety reasons</u>, accommodation of cyclists and pedestrians or to technological improvements that facilitate evacuation and maintain <u>or improve</u> evacuation clearance times.

Strategy 11.02C(2): Levels of service for hurricane evacuation clearance times as outlined in this Chapter, and, for roadways as outlined in the Transportation Element (Chapter 5) of this Plan, shall be achieved by limiting coastal populations and by adoption of evacuation procedures in the official county evacuation plan.

Hazard Mitigation [F.S. 163.3178(2)]

Objective 11.02D: Hernando County shall adopt and maintain a post-disaster redevelopment plan and shall reduce the exposure of development to natural coastal hazard impacts from high tide events, storm surge, flash floods, stormwater runoff and sea level rise mitigate coastal hazards-through regulatory standards, hazard mitigation and post-disaster redevelopment planningretrofitting.

Post-Disaster-Redevelopment

Strategy 11.02D(1): Hernando County's Post-Disaster Redevelopment Plan (PDRP), as updated from time to time shall be the guiding document for actions and policies to be carried out in response to damage from natural or manmade disasters. The PDRP addresses short and long-term responses to damage incidents throughout the County.

Strategy 11.02D(2):	The Plan and the land development regulations shall be updated as
	appropriate and as needed to address action items outlined in the PDRP to address, at a minimum:
	a. review of building and development codes and permitting
	procedures to identify the potential for implementation of
	specific post-disaster procedures;
	b. review of policies and codes for non-conforming structures and
	uses to ensure clear guidance for permitting during rebuilding
	after a disaster:
	e. evaluate the potential for a pre-disaster structural inventory in
	the Coastal Zone to identify issues and opportunities for post-
	disaster redevelopment;
	d. identify restoration standards and procedures for damaged
	infrastructure that includes flood-proofing;
	e. other identified action items in the PDRP, as updated from time
	to time, especially in the areas of business restoration, health
	and social services, government operations and environmental
	restoration.
Hazard Mitigation	
Strategy 11.02D(<u>31</u>):	Update the hazard and vulnerability data in the County's
	geographic information system (GIS) to facilitate the identification of mitigation opportunities and in order to facilitate smooth and accurate operation of recovery efforts following a hazard incident.
Strategy 11.02D(4 <u>2</u>):	Hernando County shall use a Local Mitigation Strategy (LMS) to identify and guide hazard mitigation activities including site
	development best practices that may reduce losses due to flooding and claims made under National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)
	policies. The LMS should include identifying and pursueing
	grants and other funding-opportunities to implement identified
	activities.
Stratogy 11 02D(53)	Hernando County shall require adherence to the Florida Building
Strategy 11.02D(5 <u>5</u>)	Code and the County's Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance as
	they relate to <u>reducing flood risk and</u> mitigating damage from
	natural hazards.
	naturai nazarus.
Strategy 11.02D(64): Hernando County shall continue to participate in the National	
Strategy 11.02D(0-)	Flood Insurance Program's (NFIP) Community Rating System
	(CRS) that includes implementation implementing actions to that
	lower the risk of community flood damage.
	lower the fisk of community flood damage.

Strategy 11.02D(75): Hernando County recognizes the implications of sea level rise to private property, groundwater and natural resources, and public infrastructure. In reviewing proposals for public or private projects, consideration shall be given to:

- a. project design in light of the expected life and function of the project;
- b. protection of natural topographic and geologic integrity to ensure maximum adaptation to sea level rise;
- c. analysis of projected public and private expenditures as a part of evaluation of the necessity and scope of the project scope and of engineering solutions designed to remove or reduce the risk of coastal flooding to real property or infrastructure.

Post-Disaster Redevelopment

 Strategy 11.02D(16): Hernando County's Post-Disaster Redevelopment Plan (PDRP), as

 updated from time to time shall be the guiding document for

 actions and policies to be carried out in response to damage from

 natural or manmade disasters. The PDRP addresses short and

 long-term responses to damage incidents throughout the County.

Strategy 11.02D(27): The Plan and the land development regulations shall be updated as appropriate and as needed to address action items outlined in the PDRP includingto address, at a minimum:

- a. review of building codes, and development codes and permitting procedures to identify the potential for implementation of specific post-disaster procedures;
- b. review of policies and codes for non-conforming structures and uses to ensure clear guidance for permitting during rebuilding after a disaster;
- c. evaluate the potential for a pre-disaster structural inventory in the Coastal Zone to identify issues and opportunities for postdisaster redevelopment;
- d. identify restoration standards and procedures for damaged infrastructure that includes flood-proofing;
- e. other identified action items in the PDRP, as updated from time to time, especially in the areas of business restoration, health and social services, government operations and environmental restoration.

GOAL 11.03 – Coastal Community Character

Coastal planning shall focus on the preservation of community character through prioritization of land uses, protection of traditional and historical uses, preservation of scenic views and enhancement of public access to the shoreline. [F.S. 163.3177(6)(g) and 163.3178(2)]

Water-Dependent Uses Priorities

	Prioritize and protect water-dependent shoreline uses in the Coastal Zone by encouraging retention and enhancement of traditional and working waterfront uses <u>at appropriate locations</u> , and uses that support the working and recreational waterfront community.
Strategy 11.03A(1): The County shall provide for a Specialty Commercial <u>zoning</u> designation for Commercial Marine uses as outlined in the Future Land Use Element (Chapter 1) of this Plan. The designation shall prioritize water-dependent and water-related waterfront uses that support working waterfronts.
Strategy 11.03A(2): The County <u>shouldshall</u> pursue the concepts of a working waterfronts program and implement best practices management appropriate for the Coastal Zone.
Strategy 11.03A(3): Review of new and redeveloped marinas in the Coastal Zone will include assurance that they: a. are compatible with surrounding land uses; b. have a hurricane preparedness plan as part of their development approval; c. are located so as to provide continuous deep water access such that natural bottom damage is not caused by the proposed boat sizes and types; d. meet Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Clean Marina standards especially for water quality and spill response plans.
Public Shoreline Access	
	Hernando County <u>should</u> shall acquire, protect and enhance viable areas for public access to coastal shorelines, beaches and waters.

Strategy 11.03B(1): Existing County-owned public access points at Hernando Beach, Bayport, Jenkins Creek, Pine Island and other locations shall be maintained and enhanced to the extent possible without undue compromise to compromising environmental quality.

- **Strategy 11.03B(2):** Properties that may be acquired after a disaster or as repetitive loss properties should be considered for <u>the feasibility of providing</u> public water access.
- Strategy 11.03B(3): Hernando County shall eEnsure that any public access-way established through private lands to seaward of the mean high water line by prescription, prescriptive easement, or other legal means is shall be preserved, or a comparable access provided by any proposed development. Comparable access shall be of substantially similar or greater quality and convenience to the public as the original access.

Preserve Scenic Views and Historic Resources

de vie	ernando County <u>should</u> shall ensure that Coastal Zone velopment is designed to preserve the rich scenic vistas and ews of waterways, marshes and open waters and shall ensure otection of coastal archaeological and historic resources.
Strategy 11.03C(1):	Review of development proposals in the Coastal Zone shall include review of the Florida Master Site File for potential impacts to archaeological and historical resources including submerged resources. Development approvals shall address appropriate protection of these sites through site layouts, site protection and appropriate handling of site resources pursuant to recommendations from the Florida Department of State.
Strategy 11.03C(2):	Development proposals in the Coastal Zone <u>shouldshall</u> be reviewed for <u>maintenance of impact to</u> scenic vistas through regulation of signs, fences and walls, and placement of structures. This includes public or private structures and uses that are meant to provide access to scenic views or natural lands- <u>such as boardwalks</u> .
Strategy 11.03C(3):	Hernando County <u>shouldshall</u> limit building heights <u>in the coastal</u> <u>area</u> to preserve community scale and character consistent with the natural and built landscape environment in the coastal area .