HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners Hernando County Housing Authority Brooksville, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hernando County Housing Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority, as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective October 1, 2021, the Authority adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use asset and corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and a corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and information on pension benefits, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The financial data schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the financial data schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida May 31, 2023

The Hernando County Board of County Commissioners created the Hernando County Housing Authority (the Authority) on May 3, 1977 through resolution no.77-32 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 421, Florida Statutes. A governing body of five (5) Commissioners develops the policies and goals of the Authority; this autonomous Board is appointed by the Governor of the state of Florida. However, the Authority receives almost all its funding through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Therefore, the Authority must administer its program in compliance with HUD rules and regulations and is annually graded by HUD. HUD currently considers the Authority to be a high performing housing authority.

The Authority is dedicated to enhancing the quality of life in Hernando County, Florida by providing and effectively managing affordable housing programs. To further its goal, HCHA has adopted the formal mission statement, "The Authority is committed to educating, organizing, advocating and ensuring the provisions of adequate, affordable housing within strong viable communities for Hernando County citizens, particularly those with very low to moderate incomes". HCHA seeks to achieve the highest and best use of its housing and housing programs for families of low- and moderate-income through its deconcentration efforts and efforts to create viable mixed-income affordable housing communities throughout our jurisdiction.

As management of Hernando County Housing Authority, we offer the readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

Since the last audit period, year ended September 30, 2021, the Authority has continued to make progress both financially and operationally. This may be attributed to a progressive and committed Board of Commissioners, Executive Director, and staff.

Financial Highlights

In addition to the following highlights, a more descriptive explanation of the following items is provided later in this report.

- The assets and deferred outflow of resources of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2022 by \$3,183,112 (Net position).
- The Authority's cash balance as of September 30, 2022 was \$769,597 representing an increase of \$42,731 from September 30, 2021.
- The Authority had operating revenues of \$4,519,331 and operating expenses of \$4,461,287 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements included in this annual report are those of a Florida established housing authority which is a public body corporate and politic and are considered to be special districts (governmental entities). The following entity wide financial statements are included:

- Statement of Net Position reports the Authority's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows at the end of the fiscal year and provides information about the nature and amounts of investment of resources and obligations to creditors.
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position the results of activity over the course of the fiscal year. It details the costs associated with operating the Authority and how those costs were funded. It also provides an explanation of the change in net position from the previous fiscal year-end to the current fiscal year-end.
- Statement of Cash Flows reports the Authority's cash flows in and out from operating, investing and capital and related financing activities. It details the sources of the Authority's cash, what it was used for, and the change in cash over the course of the fiscal year.
- The financial statements also include notes that provide required disclosures and other information necessary to gather the full meaning of the material presented in the statements.

An analysis of net position, revenues, and expenses has been provided, and includes all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. This analysis also reflects the Authority's net position and changes in net position. The Authority's net position are the differences between what the Authority owns (i.e., assets and deferred outflows) and what the Authority owes (i.e., liabilities and deferred inflows), and are considered one way to measure the Authority's financial health.

Over a period of time, changes in the Authority's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Readers should consider other nonfinancial factors such as fluctuation in the local economy, HUD mandated program administrative changes, and the physical condition of the Authority's capital assets to assess the overall health of the Authority.

Analysis of Net Position (Statement of Net Position)

	September 30,		Dollar	Percent
	2022	2021	Variance	Variance
ASSETS				
Current Assets - Unrestricted	\$ 794,164	\$ 853,496	\$ (59,332)	-7%
Current Assets - Restricted	56,446	28,000	28,446	102%
Net Capital Assets	2,756,518	2,811,597	(55,079)	-2%
Total Assets	3,607,128	3,693,093	(85,965)	-2%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Deferred Outflows - Pension	145,488	71,279	74,209	104%
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 3,752,616	\$ 3,764,372	\$ (11,756)	0%
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities	\$ 49,729	\$ 117,005	\$ (67,276)	-57%
Noncurrent Liabilities	498,593	380,923	117,670_	31%
Total Liabilities	548,322	497,928	50,394	10%
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Deferred Inflows - Pension	21,182	138,247	(117,065)	-85%
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,698,272	2,683,229	15,043	1%
Restricted	41,796	· · · · -	41,796	100%
Unrestricted	443,044	444,968	(1,924)	0%
Total Net Position	3,183,112	3,128,197	54,915	2%
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and				
Net Position	\$ 3,752,616	\$ 3,764,372	\$ (11,756)	0%

Total assets for fiscal year-end 2022 were \$3,607,128 and at fiscal year-end 2021 the amount was \$3,693,093. This represents a net decrease of \$85,965 or 2%.

Current unrestricted assets decreased by \$59,332 primarily due to a decrease in accounts receivable relating to grants received in the current year which were recognized in the previous fiscal year.

Current restricted assets increased \$28,446 primarily due to restricted housing assistance payment (HAP) funds.

Net capital assets decreased by \$55,079 due to current year depreciation and amortization of \$80,039 offset by a capital asset addition of \$20,233 and implementation of GASBS No 87 – Leases for \$4,727.

Current liabilities decreased by \$67,276, which was primarily due to a decrease in Accounts Payable related to PHA projects.

Analysis of Net Position (Statement of Net Position) (Continued)

Noncurrent liabilities increased by \$117,670. The decrease is a result of an increase in net pension liabilities.

The deferred outflows and inflows as of September 30, 2022 are due to the difference between expected and actual economic expense, change in actual assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on the pension plan and contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

Analysis of Revenue (Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position)

The following provides the programs administered by the Authority and the revenues generated from these programs during fiscal years ended 2022 and 2021:

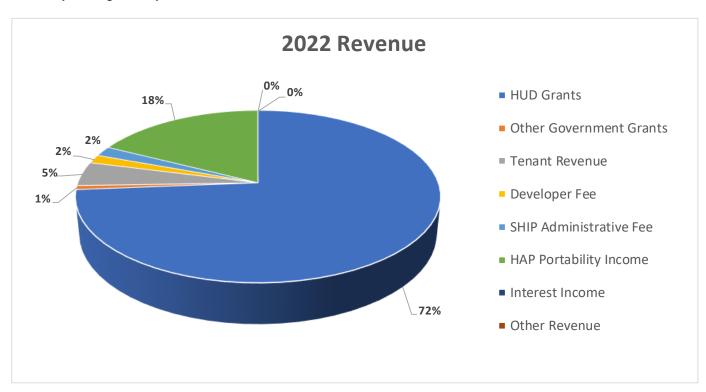
	Year Ended September 30,		Dollar	Percent
	2022	2021	Variance	_Variance
OPERATING REVENUES				
Tenant Rental Revenue	\$ 204,794	\$ 124,822	\$ 79,972	64%
HUD PHA Operating Grants	3,331,560	3,376,285	(44,725)	-1%
Other Government Grants	34,011	59,262	(25,251)	-43%
Other Revenue	948,966	1,073,159	(124,193)	-12%
Total Operating Revenues	4,519,331	4,633,528	(114,197)	-
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administrative	535,602	505,966	29,636	6%
Utilities	11,828	13,097	(1,269)	-10%
Maintenance and Operations	71,059	90,823	(19,764)	-22%
Protective Services	856	671	185	28%
Insurance	32,263	27,213	5,050	19%
General Expense	26,283	28,979	(2,696)	-9%
Housing Assistance Payments	3,703,357	3,827,061	(123,704)	-3%
Depreciation Expense	80,039	77,626	2,413	-
Total Operating Expenses	4,461,287	4,571,436	(110,149)	-2%
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	58,044	62,092	(4,048)	-7%
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)				
Investment Income - Unrestricted	69	73	(4)	-5%
Interest Expense	(3,198)	(6,557)	3,359	-51%
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(3,129)	(6,484)	3,355	-52%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	54,915	55,608	(693)	-1%
Net Position - Beginning of Year	3,128,197	3,072,589	55,608	-
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,183,112	\$ 3,128,197	\$ 54,915	2%

Overall operating revenue decreased by \$114,197 from the prior year due to a decrease in other revenue primarily due to a decrease in HAP portability income.

Overall operating expenses decreased by \$110,149. These decreases were mainly caused by a decrease in Housing Assistance payments and in operations and maintenance expenses.

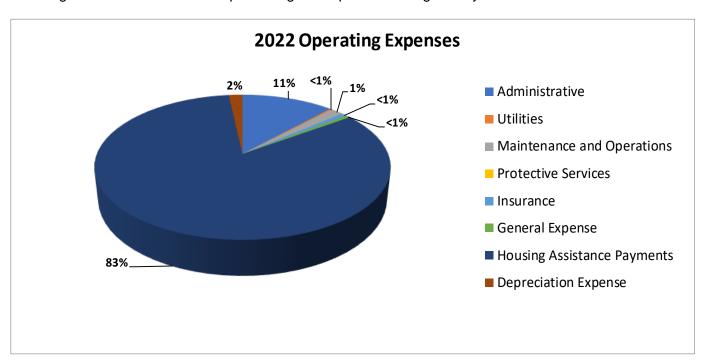
Analysis of Revenue (Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position) (Continued)

The diagram below illustrates the percentage of revenues generated from these programs by the Authority during fiscal year 2022.



Analysis of Expenses (Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position)

The diagram below illustrates the percentage of expenses during fiscal year 2022:



Capital Assets

The table below provides a summary of change in capital assets:

	Septe	mber 30,	Dollar	Percent
	2022	2021	Change	Change
Land	\$ 259,751	\$ 259,751	\$ -	- %
Buildings and Improvements	2,936,824	2,916,591	20,233	-
Equipment	52,631	52,631	-	- %
Right-to-Use Leased Asset	4,727		4,727	
Total Capital Assets	3,253,933	3,228,973	24,960	0.01 %
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(497,415)	(417,376)	(80,039)	0.19 %
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,756,518	\$ 2,811,597	\$ (55,079)	(0.02)%

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the Authority had net capital assets of \$2,811,597. As of September 30, 2022, the Authority's net capital assets had decreased \$55,079. This decrease is due to depreciation and amortization of \$80,039 offset by an equipment addition of \$20,233 and implementation of GASB 87 for a right-to-use asset relating equipment of \$4,727.

Long-Term Debt

The table below provides a summary of changes in long-term debt related to the Authority's mortgage payable:

	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	Portion
Mortgage Payable	\$ 128,368	\$ -	\$ (73,511)	\$ 54,857	\$ 8,000

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Authority had mortgage payable of \$54,857. The decrease from the prior year relates to current year payments of \$73,511. Further detail of the long-term debt is contained in the footnotes to the financial statements.

Future Plans

The Hernando County Housing Authority established the goals of:

- The Housing Authority will continue to assist private development in the financing of affordable housing outside the traditional realm of assisted housing by issuing tax-exempt bonds and with State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) funding.
- 2) Continue to improve its Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program by increasing housing opportunities and improving the operational aspects of the program.

Economic Factors

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

- Federal funding provided by Congress to the Department of Housing and Urban Development
- Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates
- Local inflationary, recessionary and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and, therefore, the amount of housing assistance payments.
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies and other costs

Financial Contact

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is Terri Beverly, Executive Director of the Hernando County Housing Authority. Specific requests may be submitted to the Hernando County Housing Authority at 621 W. Jefferson Street; Brooksville, Florida 34601; telephone 352-754-4160.

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

CURRENT ASSETS Cash - Unrestricted Cash - Other Restricted Cash - Restricted for Tenant Security Deposits Accounts Receivable, Net Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets Total Current Assets	\$ 713,151 41,796 14,650 59,597 21,416 850,610
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital Assets: Land Building Furniture and Equipment - Administration Right-To-Use Asset Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization Total Capital Assets (Net) Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	259,751 2,936,824 52,631 4,727 (497,415) 2,756,518 2,756,518
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows - Pension Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	 \$ 145,488 3,752,616

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION

CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,062
Accounts Payable - PHA Projects	15,161
Accrued Payroll	4,473
Tenant Security Deposits (Payable from Restricted Assets)	14,650
Accrued Compensated Absences	2,731
Lease Liability	1,652
Mortgage Note	8,000
Total Current Liabilities	 49,729
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Unearned Revenue	113,990
Accrued Compensated Absences	24,610
Lease Liability	1,737
Mortgage Note	46,857
Net Pension Liability	311,399
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 498,593
Total Liabilities	548,322
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	21,182
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,698,272
Restricted	41,796
Unrestricted	 443,044
Total Net Position	3,183,112
Total Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 3,752,616

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	
Tenant Revenue	\$ 204,794
HUD PHA Operating Grants	3,331,560
Other Government Grants	34,011
Partnership Fees Revenue	71,986
SHIP Administrative Funding	84,631
HAP Portability Income	791,722
Other Revenue	 627
Total Operating Revenues	4,519,331
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administrative	535,602
Utilities	11,828
Maintenance and Operations	71,059
Protective Services	856
Insurance	32,263
General	26,283
Housing Assistance Payments	3,703,357
Depreciation/Amortization	 80,039
Total Operating Expenses	 4,461,287
OPERATING INCOME	58,044
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)	
Investment Income - Unrestricted	69
Interest Expense	(3,198)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(3,129)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	54,915
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 3,128,197
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,183,112

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash Receipts:		
Operating Subsidy and Grant Receipts	\$	3,349,504
Dwelling Rent Receipts		210,316
Other Income Receipts		1,051,318
Total Receipts		4,611,138
Cash Disbursements:		
Payments to and Benefits for Employees		421,625
Payments to Suppliers		297,848
Payments to Landlords		3,750,723
Total Disbursements		4,470,196
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		140,942
CACH ELOWO EDOM CARITAL AND DELATED ENIANGINO ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(70 544)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(73,511)
Purchase of Capital Assets		(20,233)
Principal Payments on Leases Interest Paid		(1,572)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(2,964) (98,280)
Net Cash Osed by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(90,200)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment Income - Unrestricted		69
NET CHANGE IN CASH		42,731
Cash - Beginning of Year		726,866
CAGU FUR OF VEAR	Φ.	700 507
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	769,597
REPORTED AS		
Cash - Unrestricted	\$	713,151
Cash - Restricted for CARES Act Funding	Ψ	41,796
Cash - Tenant Security Deposits		14,650
Total Cash - End of Year	\$	769,597
	<u> </u>	

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Income	\$ 58,044
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	80,039
Increase (Decrease) in Assets:	
Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	6,610
Accounts Receivable - HUD Other	33,161
Accounts Receivable - Other Governments	32,181
Accounts Receivable - Tenants	3,364
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	(1,699)
Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pension	(74,209)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	1,750
Accrued Payroll	(12,274)
Accrued Compensated Absences	144
Accounts Payable - PHA Projects	(47,366)
Tenant Security Deposits	1,867
Unearned Revenue	(22,327)
Net Pension Liability	198,722
Deferred Inflow of Resources - Pension	(117,065)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 140,942

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Hernando County Housing Authority (the Authority) is a public body corporate and politic organized under Chapter 421 of the Florida State Statutes to operate housing projects for the benefit of lower-income families by providing decent, safe and sanitary dwellings within the financial means of such families.

Where the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) subsidizes housing, total rent is determined by the Authority within guidelines established by HUD. The tenant's portion of such rent and the housing assistance provided by HUD are also determined using the agency's guidelines.

Reporting Entity

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under these criteria, the Authority is considered to be a *primary government*, since it is a special purpose government that has a separate governing body, is legally separate and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments.

The Authority is a related organization of the state of Florida since the members of its board of commissioners are appointed by the Governor. The state of Florida is not financially accountable for the Authority as it cannot impose its will on the Authority and there is no potential for the Authority to provide financial benefit to, or impose financial burdens on the state of Florida. Accordingly, the Authority is not a component unit of the state of Florida.

In determining how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The determination to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the GASB. These criteria include manifestation of oversight responsibility; including financial accountability, appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit to or burden on a primary organization, financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency, potential dual inclusion and organizations included in the reporting entity although the primary organization is not financially accountable. Based on the application of these criteria, the Authority has two blended component units.

HCHA-Magnolia, LLC

The Authority is the sole member of HCHA-Magnolia, LLC, a Florida Limited Liability Company. HCHA-Magnolia, LLC is a general partner in Magnolia Gardens I, LTD, a Florida Limited Liability Company that was formed to develop a 60-unit elderly low-income housing complex. HCHA-Magnolia, LLC has a minority interest (0.01%) in the Magnolia Gardens I, LTD.

Hernando Housing Development Corporation, Inc. (HHDC)

HHDC is an instrumentality of the Authority for the purpose of assisting in providing lowand moderate-income housing within the state of Florida, Hernando County and the City of Brooksville, Florida. HHDC was created July 23, 1985 and shall exist for a period of 50 years. Since the inception of HHDC, the corporation has not had any activity.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Proprietary Fund

Based on compelling reasons offered by HUD, the Authority reports its operations as a proprietary fund type (enterprise fund), which uses the accrual basis of accounting. The enterprise fund emphasizes the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Revenues are recorded when they are earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The enterprise fund is used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the board of commissioners has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred, and or net income necessary for management accountability is appropriate. The intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing services to the public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Program/Activity Accounting

The accounting records are established in a manner which enables the Authority to ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to it. The accounting records are also maintained in a manner that provides the Authority with the ability to monitor the financial results associated with certain other activities or otherwise provide for management accountability.

Separate identifiable accounts are maintained within the accounting records for each program/activity. However, all of the programs/activities are part of a single enterprise fund for financial reporting purposes.

The programs/activities included in the accompanying financial statements include all programs/activities of the Authority that relate to providing housing assistance to lower-income families and all other programs, functions and activities over which the Board has oversight responsibility and financial accountability.

Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers (CFDA 14.871)

This program accounts for the activity associated with the projects and other facilities subsidized by HUD under an Annual Contribution Contract. The purpose of Section 8 housing is to aid very-low income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary rental housing. Section 8 housing allows very-low income families to rent privately-owned housing in the neighborhood of their choice.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Program/Activity Accounting (Continued)

State Housing Initiative Partnership Program

This program accounts for the activity associated with the projects and other facilities subsidized by the state of Florida through the State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Program and Hernando County, Florida. The SHIP program is administered by the Authority, but Hernando County, Florida is the grantor.

Business Activity

These activities account for the operations of various housing programs to assist lowincome families. Business activities may be funded with private and public grants or from other nonrestricted sources of revenue.

HOME Investment Partnerships Program (CFDA 14.239)

The HOME Investment Partnerships Program accounts for the Tenant Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) program. The TBRA program provides security deposit assistance to low-income families affected by natural disasters.

Budgets

Budgets are prepared on an annual basis for each program and are used as a management tool throughout the accounting cycle. Budgets are not however legally adopted nor legally required for financial statement presentation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers all highly liquid, short-term investment instruments with an original maturity of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets are classified as restricted assets in the accompanying net position when constraints are placed on their use by external parties or law. The assets that are classified as restricted include the following:

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of funds restricted for tenant security deposits and Housing Assistance Payments.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost if their cost exceeds \$1,000. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged against operations.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the useful life of the related asset. The useful life established for administrative equipment is five years and the useful life of buildings is forty years. When assets are disposed of the related cost and accumulated depreciation are relieved and any gain or loss is included in the change in net position.

Leases - Lessee

The Authority is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The Authority recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$1,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the Authority initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Authority uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate.
 When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Authority generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed
 of fixed payments and the purchase option price that the Authority is reasonably
 certain to exercise.

The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

The Authority's policy allows employees to accumulate unused vacation leave as follows:

	Maximum
	Carryover
	in Hours
Date of Hire to End of 5th Year	240
Start of 6th Year to End of 10th Year	360
Start of 11th Year and Over	480

Employee's that have accrued hours in excess of the maximum lose the excess hours as of January 1 of each year. Employees are paid for unused leave upon termination of employment.

Sick leave is accrued at the rate of .04615 hours for each hour worked. Accumulated unused sick leave is not carried forward and is not paid to the employee upon separation from the Authority.

Unearned Revenue

The Authority received a \$150,000 property development payment during the year ended September 30, 2011. The property development term is 52 years. Income is recognized over the term of the property development agreement. The unearned revenue relates to usage of the land over the term of the property development agreement.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows in the financial statements and is classified into three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component consists of capital assets net of related accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, including retainage payable.

<u>Restricted</u> – Net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation is reflected in this component.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The Authority applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for the purpose of which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

The Authority recognizes operating revenues and expenses as a result of providing low-rent housing and other services. The principal operating revenues of the Authority consist of operating subsidies and grants and other revenue received from similar operations. Operating expenses include the costs of housing assistance payments to landlords, administrative expenses, and costs associated with providing program services and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Government Grants and Subsidies

The subsidies and operating grants received by the Authority from HUD under Annual Contributions Contracts are recorded as operating revenue in the period earned in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program Annual Contributions Contract with HUD provides for housing assistance payments to private owners of residential units on behalf of eligible low- or very low-income families. The program provides for such payments covering the difference between the maximum rental on a dwelling unit and the amount of rent contribution by the participating family plus related administrative expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Authority is a public body corporate and politic exempt from federal and state income taxes.

Pensions

The net pension liability is the Authority's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's and HIS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and HIS plans. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The deferred outflows of resources reported in the Authority's statement of net position represent changes in actuarial assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments, changes in the proportion and differences between the Authority's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and the Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program. These amounts will be recognized as increases in pension expense in future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the Authority's statement of net position represent the difference between expected and actual economic experience, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments, and changes in the proportion and differences between the Authority's contributions and proportionate share of contributions relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program. These amounts will be recognized as reductions in pension expense in future years.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards:

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The Authority adopted the requirements of the guidance effective October 1, 2021, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

NOTE 2 CASH

<u>Cash</u>

Cash in the accompanying financial statements consists of demand deposits in financial institutions and cash on hand.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. At year-end, the Authority's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or guaranteed by qualified public depositories in Florida pursuant to Chapter 280.07, Florida Statutes.

Deposits

All deposits are carried at cost and are in financial institutions whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized. Florida Statutes Chapter 280 sets forth the qualifications and requirements that a financial institution must meet in order to become a qualified depository. The Statute also defines the amount and type of collateral that must be pledged in order to remain qualified.

Florida Statute 218.415 requires deposits of governmental entities be made only with Qualified Public Depositories (QPDs). Public funds on deposit in QPDs are protected against loss due to insolvency by: (1) federal deposit insurance; (2) the pledge of securities as collateral; and (3) a contingent liability agreement that allows the Chief Financial Officer of the state of Florida to assess QPDs if the securities pledged by an insolvent QPD are insufficient. The agreement for collateralization of public funds is with the state of Florida and not with the Authority. Similar to FDIC, the state of Florida is guaranteeing the deposit.

Total bank balances as of September 30, 2022 were \$788,509 and the total carrying value was \$769,597 at September 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable as of September 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	\$ 19,930
Accounts Receivable - Other Governments	22,543
Accounts Receivable - Tenant	17,124
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$ 59,597

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance as Restated	Additions	Additions Deletions		Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 259,751	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 259,751
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized:					
Building	2,916,591	20,233	-	-	2,936,824
Furniture and Equipment - Administration	52,631	-	-	-	52,631
*Right-To-Use Leased Equipment	4,727	-	-	-	4,727
Total Capital Assets Being	2,973,949	20,233			2,994,182
Depreciated & Amortized					
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:					
Buildings	371,571	73,673	-	-	445,244
Furniture and Equipment - Administration	45,805	4,790	-	-	50,595
Right-To-Use Leased Equipment	-	1,576	-	-	1,576
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	417,376	80,039			497,415
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated/Amortized, Net	2,556,573	(59,806)			2,496,767
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,816,324	\$ (59,806)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,756,518

^{*}Restatement of capital assets as of October 1, 2021, is a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87, Leases during the 2021 fiscal year.

On June 16, 2010, the Authority entered into a 52-year property development agreement with Magnolia Gardens I, LTD to rent a parcel of land in Brooksville, Florida. The land is recorded at a cost of \$104,158.

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paving the costs of health insurance.

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Essentially all regular employees of the Authority are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the member's five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the member's eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and	Percent
Retirement Age/Years of Service:	Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement Up to Age 62 or Up to 30 Years of Service	1.60 %
Retirement Up to Age 63 or Up to 31 Years of Service	1.63
Retirement Up to Age 64 or Up to 32 Years of Service	1.65
Retirement Up to Age 65 or Up to 33 Years of Service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement Up to Age 65 or Up to 33 Years of Service	1.60
Retirement Up to Age 66 or Up to 34 Years of Service	1.63
Retirement Up to Age 67 or Up to 35 Years of Service	1.65
Retirement Up to Age 68 or Up to 36 Years of Service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Effective July 1, 2011, all FRS Plan members (except those in DROP) are required to make 3% employee contributions on a pretax basis. The contribution rates attributable to the Authority, effective July 1, 2021, were applied to employee salaries as follows: regular employees 9.1%, senior management 27.29%. The Authority's contributions to the FRS Plan were \$33,440 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Costs

At September 30, 2022, the Authority reported a liability of \$237,258 for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's contributions received by FRS during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of FRS's participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the Authority's proportion was 0.000637649%, which was an increase of 0.000194413%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$41,882 for its proportionate share of FRS's pension expense. In addition, the Authority reported its proportionate share of FRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

	O	Deferred utflow of esources	Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic				
Experience	\$	11,268	\$	-
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		29,219		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		15,666		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the Authority's Contributions and Proportionate Share of		·		
Contributions		61,338		4,148
Authority's Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement				
Date		10,199		-
Total	\$	127,690	\$	4,148

\$10,199 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority's contributions to the FRS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	F	Amount	
2023	\$	25,075	
2024		19,369	
2025		9,730	
2026		52,180	
2027		6,984	
Thereafter		-	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40% Per Year
Salary Increases	3.25%, Average, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.70%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table (varies by member category and sex) and projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation, as outlined in the FRS Plan's investment policy, and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash Equivalents	1.0 %	2.6 %	2.6 %	1.1 %
Fixed Income	19.8	4.4	4.4	3.2
Global Equity	54.0	8.8	7.3	17.8
Real Estate (Property)	10.3	7.4	6.3	15.7
Private Equity	11.1	12.0	8.9	26.3
Strategic Investments	3.8	6.2	5.9	7.8
Total	100 %			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.4 %	1.3 %

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70% for the FRS Plan, which was a .10% decrease from the 6.80% rate as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liability Sensitivity (Continued)

	On	e Percent		Current	(One Percent
	D	ecrease	Dis	scount Rate		Increase
FRS Plan Discount Rate		5.70%		6.70%		7.70%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the FRS						
Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	410,319	\$	237,258	\$	92,556

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the FRS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statues. The Authority contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current year. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled. The Authority's contributions to the HIS Plan were \$4,562 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

Pension Costs

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority reported a liability of \$74,141 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's contributions received during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the Authority's proportion was 0.000700000%, which was an increase of 0.000054398%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$3,572 for its proportionate share of HIS's pension expense. In addition, the Authority reported its proportionate share of HIS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Îr	eferred offlow of esources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic		Sources		sources
Experience	\$	2,250	\$	326
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	·	4,250	·	11,470
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on HIS Program Investments		107		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the				
Authority's Contributions and Proportionate Share of				
Contributions		10,030		5,238
Authority's Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement				
Date		1,161		
Total	\$	17,798	\$	17,034

\$1,161 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Д	mount
2023	\$	(1,535)
2024		(611)
2025		1,201
2026		1,114
2027		(236)
Thereafter		(330)

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation2.40% Per YearSalary Increases3.25%, Average, Including InflationMunicipal Bond Rate3.54%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54% for the HIS Plan which was a 1.38% increase from 2.16% rate as of June 30, 2021. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the HIS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	One	e Percent	C	Current	On	e Percent
	De	ecrease	Disc	ount Rate	Ir	crease
HIS Plan Discount Rate		2.54 %		3.54 %		4.54 %
Authority's Proportionate Share of the HIS						
Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	84,824	\$	74,141	\$	65,302

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Summary

The aggregate amount of the net pension liability, related deferred inflows of resources, and deferred outflows or resources, and pension expense the Authority's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below.

	FRS Plan		HIS Plan		 Total
Net Pension Liability	\$	237,258	\$	74,141	\$ 311,399
Deferred Outflow of Resources		127,690		17,798	145,488
Deferred Inflow of Resources		4,148		17,034	21,182
Pension Expense		41,882		3,572	45,454

NOTE 6 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the state of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Authority employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Senior Management, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

NOTE 6 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan (Continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Authority.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Authority's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$5,116 for the year ended September 30, 2022. Employee contributions to the Investment Plan totaled \$1,139 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	В	eginning					E	Ending	Du	e Within
	Balance		Add	itions	D	eletions	Е	Balance	Oı	ne Year
Direct Borrowings:										
Mortgage Payable	\$	128,368	\$	-	\$	(73,511)	\$	54,857	\$	8,000
Accrued Compensated Absences		27,197		-		144		27,341		2,731
Lease Liability*		4,961		-		(1,572)		3,389		1,784
	\$	160,526	\$		\$	(73,367)	\$	82,198	\$	10,731

^{*}Restatement of long-term liabilities as of October 1, 2021, is a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87, Leases during the 2021 fiscal year.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Mortgage Payable

On July 22, 2016, the Authority entered into a Construction Loan agreement with Brannen Bank, in the amount of \$300,000. The loan has an interest rate of 5.50% and matures on July 1, 2037. The loan is secured by a security agreement on the property. At September 30, 2022, the balance of the loan was \$54,857.

Annual debt service requirements over each of the next five years and thereafter as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	P	rincipal	li	nterest
2023	\$	8,000	\$	3,496
2024		8,973		2,704
2025		9,289		2,208
2026		9,813		1,684
2027		10,366		1,130
2028-2031		8,416		592
Total	\$	54,857	\$	11,814

Lessee Arrangement

The Authority leases a piece of office equipment under a long-term, noncancelable lease agreement. The lease expires during 2024.

The principal and interest payments under the lease agreement is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Р	rincipal	I	nterest
2023	\$	1,652	\$	132
2024		1,737		47
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	3,389	\$	179

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The Authority has obtained commercial insurance from the Florida Housing Authorities Risk Management Insureds for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability
- Vehicles

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years and there was no significant change in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

B. Workers' Compensation

The Authority belongs to the Florida Municipal Insurance Trust for Workers' Compensation.

C. Employee Health Insurance

The Authority belongs to Hernando County's health insurance program. The program is administered by an outside third party.

NOTE 9 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Federal Subsidies and Grants

Government grants require the fulfillment of certain conditions as set forth in laws, rules, regulations, and grant agreements. Failure to fulfill the conditions could result in the return of funds to grantors. The Authority's management believes that disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The Authority receives a substantial amount of its support from the federal government in the form of subsidies and grants. If a significant reduction in the level of this support were to occur, it may have an effect on the Authority's programs and activities. Revenue for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Revenue as a
	Total	Percentage of
Revenue from HUD:	Revenue	Total Revenue
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher - HAP	\$ 2,980,963	66.0 %
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher - Administrative	335,380	7.4
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher - CARES Act Funding	15,217	0.3
HOME Program - Tenant Based Rental Assistance	34,011	0.8
Total Revenue from HUD	3,365,571	74.5
Non-HUD Funding:		
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher - Port-In HAP	731,346	16.2
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher - Port-In Administrative	60,376	1.3
SHIP Administrative Funding	84,631	1.9
Investment Income - Unrestricted	69	-
Net Tenant Revenue	204,794	4.5
Partnership Fees	71,986	1.6
Other Revenue	627	-
Total Non-HUD Funding	1,153,829	25.5
Total Revenue	\$ 4,519,400	100.0 %

NOTE 10 INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT

On August 1, 2019, the Authority entered into an Interlocal Agreement, pursuant to authority granted by Section 421.11 and Section 163.01, Florida Statutes, with the Housing Authority of the City of Brooksville (BHA), another public housing authority created under Chapter 421, Florida Statutes. BHA has engaged the Authority as its sole and exclusive agent to serve as the executive manager, performing all required tasks and making arrangements for the applicable services of BHA's properties.

The term of the agreement was extended through July 31, 2023, unless terminated or extended by a written notice approved by both the respective Boards of Commissioners of the Housing Authorities. The monthly management fees are as follows: \$2,500 per month from February 1, 2021 through January 31, 2022; \$3,000 per month from February 1, 2022 through January 31, 2023; \$3,500 per month from February 1, 2023 through August 31, 2023, for up to 20 hours of management services, and \$75 per hour for every hour over 20 hours. BHA will also reimburse the Authority for expenses incurred in the administration of the agreement. During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority received \$33,500 from BHA.

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST 10 MEASUREMENT PERIODS¹

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0	0.000006376 %		0.000004432 %	(0.000003761 %	C	0.000003618 %	C	0.000003318 %	C	0.000394553 %	0.	000570165 %	0.0	000006132 %
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	237,258	\$	33,481	\$	162,998	\$	124,592	\$	99,943	\$	116,706	\$	143,967	\$	79,198
Covered Payroll	\$	257,420	\$	228,557	\$	203,286	\$	201,053	\$	194,779	\$	228,610	\$	231,505	\$	226,692
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		92.17%		14.65%		80.18%		61.97%		51.31%		51.05%		62.19%		34.94%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Pension Liability		82.89%		96.40%		78.85%		84.26%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%

¹The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST 10 MEASUREMENT PERIODS¹

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	2022	2021		 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 33,440	\$	17,291	\$ 13,071	\$ 11,944	\$ 9,640	\$ 9,511	\$ 13,904	\$ 14,578
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(33,440)		(17,291)	(13,071)	(11,944)	(9,640)	(9,511)	 (13,904)	 (14,578)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$
Covered Payroll	\$ 277,101	\$	232,406	\$ 300,124	\$ 267,771	\$ 267,717	\$ 243,276	\$ 234,950	\$ 185,129
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	12.07%		7.44%	4.36%	4.46%	3.60%	3.91%	5.92%	7.87%

¹The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30.

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY – HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM LAST 10 MEASUREMENT PERIODS¹

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0	0.000007000 %		000006456 %	0	.000005857 %	(0.000006011 %	0.	.000005964 %	0.0	000717108 %	0.0	000749917 %	0.	000007472 %
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	74,141	\$	79,193	\$	71,514	\$	67,263	\$	63,119	\$	76,676	\$	87,400	\$	76,202
Covered Payroll	\$	257,420	\$	228,557	\$	203,286	\$	201,053	\$	194,779	\$	228,610	\$	231,505	\$	226,692
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		28.80%		34.65%		35.18%		33.46%		32.41%		33.54%		37.75%		33.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		4.81%		3.56%		3.00%		2.15%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%

¹The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS – HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS¹

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program	2022	2021		2020	 2019	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 4,562	\$ 3,859	\$	3,338	\$ 3,421	\$ 3,244	\$ 3,697	\$ 3,844	\$ 3,019
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (4,562)	(3,859)		(3,338)	(3,421)	 (3,244)	(3,697)	(3,844)	(3,019)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ _
Covered Payroll	\$ 277,101	\$ 232,406	\$	300,124	\$ 267,771	\$ 267,717	\$ 243,276	\$ 234,950	\$ 222,111
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	1.65%	1.66%		1.11%	1.28%	1.21%	1.52%	1.64%	1.36%

¹The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30.

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE – STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Line Item No.	Account Description ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Housing HCV Choice CARES Act Voucher Funding			te/Local rogram		Business Activities		HOME rogram	Sub	ototal	Elimination	ıs_	<u>T</u>	otal		
	CURRENT ASSETS																
	Cash:			•		•	.=	•		•				•			
111 113	Cash - Unrestricted Cash - Other Restricted		,258 ,796	\$	-	\$	17,263	\$	329,208	\$	6,422		13,151 41,796	\$	-	\$ 7	713,151 41,796
113	Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	4	,796						14,650		-		41,796 14,650		-		14,650
100	Total Cash	402	,054		-		17,263		343,858		6,422		69,597		-		769,597
	Accounts Deceivables																
121	Accounts Receivable: Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	19	,930		_				1,000				19,930		_		19,930
124	Accounts Receivable - Other Governments	10	,930		-		22,543		1,000				22,543		-		22,543
126	Accounts Receivable - Tenant		_		_		-		8,870		8,254		17,124		_		17,124
120	Total Receivables, Net	18	,930		-		22,543		9,870		8,254		59,597	-	-		59,597
	Other Current Assets:																
142	Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	ç	,499		_		2,614		8,948		355	2	21,416		_		21,416
	Total Other Current Assets		,499				2,614		8,948		355		21,416		Ξ		21,416
150	Total Current Assets	430	,483		-		42,420		362,676		15,031	88	50,610		-	8	850,610
	NONCURRENT ASSETS																
	Capital Assets:																
161	Land		-		-		-		259,751		-	2	59,751		-	2	259,751
162	Building		-		-		-		2,936,824		-	2,93	36,824		-	2,9	936,824
164	Furniture and Equipment - Administration		,039		-		-		6,319		-		57,358		-		57,358
166	Less: Accumulated Depreciation		,150)						(450,265)				97,415)		_		497,415)
160	Total Capital Assets, Net	3	,889				-		2,752,629		-	2,75	56,518		<u>-</u>	2,7	756,518
180	Total Noncurrent Assets	3	,889						2,752,629		_	2,75	56,518		_	2,7	756,518
190	Total Assets	434	,372		-		42,420		3,115,305		15,031	3,60	07,128		-	3,6	607,128
200	Deferred Outflow of Resources	87	,292				26,189		30,552		1,455	14	45,488		<u>-</u>		145,488
290	Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 521	,664	\$		\$	68,609	\$	3,145,857	\$	16,486	\$ 3,75	52,616	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 3,7	752,616

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE – STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Line Item No.	Account Description LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	_	Choice CAR		ICV ES Act nding	 ate/Local rogram		Business Activities		HOME rogram	<u></u> S	ubtotal	Elim	ninations		Total
	CURRENT LIABILITIES															
312	Accounts Payable - ≤ 90 Days	\$	2,144	\$	-	\$ 279	\$	624	\$	15	\$	3,062	\$	-	\$	3,062
321	Accrued Payroll		2,758		-	761		923		31		4,473		-		4,473
322	Accrued Compensated Absences -															
	Current Portion		1,825		-	196		710		-		2,731		-		2,731
332	Accounts Payable - PHA Projects		15,161		-	-		-		-		15,161		-		15,161
341	Tenant Security Deposits		-		-	-		14,650		-		14,650		-		14,650
342	Unearned Revenues		-		-	-		113,990		-		113,990		-		113,990
343	Current Portion of Long-term Debt -															
	Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue		1,652					8,000				9,652				9,652
310	Total Current Liabilities		23,540		-	1,236		138,897		46		163,719		-		163,719
	NONCURRENT LIABILITIES															
351	Long-Term Debt, Net of Current -															
	Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue		1,737		-	_		46,857		_		48,594		_		48,594
354	Accrued Compensated Absences -		.,					,				,				,
	Noncurrent		16,421		-	1,772		6,386		31		24,610		-		24,610
357	Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities		186,840		-	56,051		65,394		3,114		311,399		-		311,399
350	Total Noncurrent Liabilities		204,998		-	57,823		118,637		3,145		384,603		-		384,603
300	Total Liabilities		228,538		-	59,059		257,534		3,191		548,322		-		548,322
400	Deferred Inflow of Resources		12,709		-	3,813		4,449		211		21,182		-		21,182
	NET POSITION															
508.4	Net Investment in Capital Assets		500		_	_		2,697,772		_	2	.698,272		_		2,698,272
511.4	Restricted		41,796		-	_		_,,,,,,		_	_	41,796		_		41,796
512.4	Unrestricted		238,121		-	5,737		186,102		13,084		443,044		-		443,044
513	Total Net Position		280,417		-	5,737		2,883,874		13,084	3	,183,112				3,183,112
600	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		_		_					_		_				_
000	Resources, and Net Position	\$	521,664	\$	_	\$ 68,609	\$	3,145,857	\$	16,486	\$ 3	,752,616	\$	_	\$	3,752,616
			021,001			 55,000	Ψ	5, 5,001	Ψ	. 0, 100	<u> </u>	,. 02,010			Ψ	0,. 0=,010

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE – STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Line Item No.	Account Description	Housing Choice Voucher	HCV CARES Act Funding	State/Local Program	Business Activities	HOME Program	Subtotal	Eliminations	Total
70300 70500	REVENUE Net Tenant Rental Revenue Total Tenant Revenue	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 208,331 208,331	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 208,331 208,331	\$ -	\$ 208,331 208,331
70600	HUD PHA Operating Grants	3,316,343	15,217	-	-	-	3,331,560	-	3,331,560
70800 71100 71500 70000	Other Government Grants Investment Income - Unrestricted Other Revenue Total Revenue	30 791,760 4,108,133	15,217	7 84,631 84,638	31 109,526 317,888	34,011 1 - 34,012	34,011 69 985,917 4,559,888	(36,951) (36,951)	34,011 69 948,966 4,522,937
91100 91200 91400 91500	EXPENSES Administrative: Administrative Salaries Auditing Fees Advertising and Marketing Employee Benefit Contributions -	159,318 20,900 271	9,517 - -	51,481 1,688 203	58,381 1,299 -	2,307 - -	281,004 23,887 474	- -	281,004 23,887 474
91600 91700 91800 91900 91000	Administrative Office Expenses Legal Expense Travel Other Total Administrative	73,707 81,815 15,321 2,853 6,433 360,618	5,700	24,190 9,245 911 32 297 88,047	25,958 8,463 - - 10,574 104,675	1,181 502 - - 6 3,996	125,036 105,725 16,232 2,885 17,310 572,553	(36,951)	125,036 68,774 16,232 2,885 17,310 535,602
93100 93200 93000	Utilities: Water Electricity Total Utilities			- - -	4,502 7,326 11,828		4,502 7,326 11,828		4,502 7,326 11,828
94200 94300 94000	Maintenance: Materials and Other Contracts Total Maintenance	2,063 2,063		- - -	435 68,561 68,996		435 70,624 71,059		435 70,624 71,059
95200 95000	Protective Services - Other Contracts Total Protective Services				856 856	<u> </u>	856 856		856 856

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE – STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Line Item No.	Account Description	Housing Choice Voucher	HCV CARES Act Funding	State/Local Program	Business Activities	HOME Program	Subtotal	Eliminations	Total
96110 96120 96130 96140 96100	Insurance Premiums: Property Insurance Liability Insurance Workmen's Compensation All Other Insurance Total Insurance Premiums	\$ - 6,760 500 7,260	\$ - - - -	\$ - 328 1,745 - 2,073	\$ 19,058 1,274 2,041 200 22,573	\$ - - 357 - 357	\$ 19,058 1,602 10,903 700 32,263	\$ - - - -	\$ 19,058 1,602 10,903 700 32,263
96200 96300 96400 96000	General Expenses: Other General Expense Payments in Lieu of Taxes Bad Debt - Tenant Rents Total General Expenses	3,483	- - - -		7,689 15,111 3,537 26,337		11,172 15,111 3,537 29,820	- - - -	11,172 15,111 3,537 29,820
96710 96720 96700	Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term) Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	212 212		- -	2,986 - 2,986		2,986 212 3,198		2,986 212 3,198
96900	Total Expenses	373,636	15,217	90,120	238,251	4,353	721,577	(36,951)	684,626
97000	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF OPERATING REVENUE OVER (UNDER) OPERATING EXPENSES	3,734,497	-	(5,482)	79,637	29,659	3,838,311	-	3,838,311
97300 97350 97400 90000	OTHER EXPENSES Housing Assistance Payments HAP Portability-In Depreciation/Amortization Expense Total Other Expenses	2,939,167 731,346 5,463 4,049,612	- - - 15,217	90,120	74,576 312,827	32,844 - - 37,197	2,972,011 731,346 80,039 4,504,973	(36,951)	2,972,011 731,346 80,039 4,468,022
10000	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	58,521	-	(5,482)	5,061	(3,185)	54,915	-	54,915
11030	Net Position - Beginning of Year	221,896		11,219	2,878,813	16,269	3,128,197		3,128,197
	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 280,417	\$ -	\$ 5,737	\$ 2,883,874	\$ 13,084	\$ 3,183,112	\$ -	\$ 3,183,112
11020 11040 11170 11180 11190 11210	Required Annual Debt Principal Payments Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors Administrative Fee Equity Housing Assistance Payments Equity Unit Months Available Number of Unit Months Leased	\$ - \$ 238,621 \$ 41,796 5,100 4,427	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 73,511 \$ - \$ - \$ 348 305	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 63 63	\$ 73,511 \$ - \$ 238,621 \$ 41,796 5,511 4,795	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 73,511 \$ - \$ 238,621 \$ 41,796 5,511 4,795

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients		Total Federal Expenditures
Department of Housing and Urban Developmen	t				
Direct Programs					
Housing Choice Voucher Cluster					
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher	14.871	N/A	\$	-	\$ 3,316,343
COVID-19 - HCV CARES Act Funding	14.871	N/A			15,217
Total Housing Choice Voucher Cluster				-	3,331,560
Passed Through from Florida Housing Finance Cor	rporation				
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	003-2019			34,011
Total Federal Awards			\$		\$ 3,365,571

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Authority.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 INDIRECT COST RATE

The Authority has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER PROGRAM

The Authority received \$3,316,343 in federal funding for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program (ALN 14.871) and \$15,217 in COVID-19 HCV CARES Act funding (ALN 14.781) during the year. The Authority reported \$4,049,612 and \$15,217 in expenses on a full accrual basis for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program and COVID-19 HCV CARES Act funding, respectively during the year, which were paid with federal and nonfederal funds. The Authority reported \$731,346 of Port-In expenses during the fiscal year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Hernando County Housing Authority Brooksville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Hernando County Housing Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Lakeland, Florida May 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Commissioners Hernando County Housing Authority Brooksville, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hernando County Housing Authority's (the Authority) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Authority's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2022. The Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida May 31, 2023

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results Financial Statements Unmodified 1. Type of auditors' report issued: 2. Internal control over financial reporting: Yes X No Material weakness(es) identified? X None reported • Significant deficiency(ies) identified? _____ Yes 3. Noncompliance material to financial Yes X No statements noted? Federal Awards 1. Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes ____X No X___ None reported • Significant deficiency(ies) identified? _____ Yes 2. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified 3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with _____Yes X No 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of Major Federal Programs **Federal Assistance Listing Number** Name of Federal Program or Cluster 14.871 Housing Choice Voucher Program Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

\$750,000

X____ Yes _____ No

Type A and Type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

HERNANDO COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).